From the Chief Medical Officer Professor Sir Michael McBride



HSS(MD) 26/2025

BY EMAIL

Chief Executives, Public Health Agency/HSC Trusts/ NIAS Chief Operating Officer, SPPG GP Medical Advisers, SPPG All General Practitioners and GP Locums (for onward distribution to practice staff) Community pharmacists (for onward distribution to staff) OOHs Medical Managers (for onward distribution to staff) RQIA (for onward circulation to independent sector health and social care providers)

Castle Buildings Stormont Estate BELFAST BT4 3SQ

Tel: 028 9052 0563

Email: cmooffice@health-ni.gov.uk

Our Ref: HSS(MD) 26/2025

Date: 10 July 2025

PLEASE SEE ATTACHED FULL CIRCULATION LIST

Dear Colleague

SEASONAL INFLUENZA VACCINATION PROGRAMME 2025/2026

ACTION REQUIRED

Public influenza vaccination programme

Chief Executives must ensure this information is drawn to the attention of all staff involved in the seasonal influenza vaccination programme, including:

- school health teams, health visitors, community children nurses, and paediatricians
- physicians managing patients with chronic medical conditions, oncologists, geriatricians
- nurses caring for patients with chronic medical conditions, district nurses, treatment room nurses
- midwives, obstetricians and relevant maternity services staff
- Occupational Health Departments, Trust peer vaccinators

The Strategic Planning and Performance Group (SPPG) must ensure this information is cascaded to all General Practitioners, practice managers and community pharmacies for onward distribution to all staff involved in the seasonal influenza vaccination programme.

The Regulation and Quality Improvement Authority (RQIA) must ensure this information is cascaded to all Independent Sector Providers, particularly Care Home service providers, for onward distribution to all staff involved in the seasonal influenza immunisation programme.

All Health and Social Care Workers influenza vaccination programme - including Independent Sector

Chief Executives should ensure all staff, particularly frontline staff, <u>are actively</u> <u>encouraged</u> to receive the influenza vaccine and ensure adequate access to vaccination is provided for staff.

The RQIA should actively encourage all Independent Sector Care Home staff to be vaccinated as part of this year's seasonal influenza programme.

Introduction

- 1. Last year saw the influenza (flu) vaccine being administered to 593,277 individuals in Northern Ireland as part of the annual influenza vaccination programme. We would like to extend our sincere thanks to all those who were involved for their hard work in planning and delivering this vaccination programme. This programme offers vital protection to eligible citizens which in turn helps to protect our wider health and social care system through the winter months. The success of our programme last year was only possible because of your immense professionalism, commitment, and hard work.
- 2. The uptake rate last year for influenza vaccination in the 65 years and over cohort reached 74%, this was a reduction from 78% achieved in the previous year's programme in 2023/2024. Whilst the uptake rate achieved for this cohort in 2024/2025 is to be commended, it was disappointing to see a decline on the previous year's uptake. Last year also saw a lower-than-expected uptake of vaccination in other cohorts eligible for influenza vaccination.
- 3. We trust the details set out in this letter will support colleagues to develop effective plans to ensure the effective implementation of the 2025/2026 programme. We ask for your continued commitment and resolve to increase vaccine uptake rates among all eligible cohorts, particularly prioritising pre-school children. We would also urge increased efforts to vaccinate those in at-risk groups, secondary school children, pregnant women, and health and social care workers (HSCWs), where uptake was disappointing during last year's influenza programme.
- 4. In a complex, multi-provider programme such as this it is essential (from both a clinical and service delivery perspective) that information relating to vaccine status is captured and recorded in an up-to-date, accurate and timely manner on all

systems and via all information sharing processes. All influenza vaccinations should be recorded on the appropriate information system:

Vaccine Management System (VMS)

All adult influenza vaccinations and children's influenza vaccinations not administered as part of the schools-based programme.

> NI Child Health System

All influenza vaccinations administered as part of the schools-based programme, which is administered by the school health teams.

Eligibility

- 5. The cohorts eligible for influenza vaccination are based on the advice of the Joint Committee on Vaccinations and Immunisations (JCVI). This programme aims to provide protection to those who are at higher risk of influenza associated morbidity and mortality and to reduce transmission of infection to all age groups through the vaccination of children.
- 6. Those eligible for influenza vaccine in 2025/2026 are:
 - all those aged 65 years and over on 31 March 2026
 - all those aged 18 years to under 65 years in clinical risk groups (as defined by the influenza chapter in '<u>Immunisation against infectious disease</u>' (the 'Green Book')
 - those in long-stay residential care homes
 - pregnant women
 - all preschool children aged two to four years on 1 September 2025
 - all school-aged children (up to and including year 12¹)
 - all children in clinical risk groups aged from 6 months to less than 18 years
 - carers

close contacts of immunocompromised individuals

- high risk poultry and avian animal health workers²
- all health and social care workers³

¹ Some special educational needs schools cater for individuals up to 25 years of age. Any young person over 17 years of age in a clinical risk group and in a special educational needs school can be vaccinated with their peers, using LAIV. ² See HSS(MD) 43/2024

³ Includes all staff who are employed directly by HSC organisations and those employed as and by independent contractors such as general practitioners (GPs), dentists, pharmacists and ophthalmic practitioners. This includes non-clinical ancillary staff who may have social contact with patients but are not directly involved in patient care.

Timing of Programme Delivery

- 7. The official start of the adult programme for 2025/2026 will again be from the beginning of October (exact date to be confirmed) with the majority of the vaccinations to be completed by early December. This later start date is based on advice from the JCVI concerning the waning of flu vaccine effectiveness in adults which means it is preferable to vaccinate individuals closer to the time when the influenza virus is likely to circulate (which typically peaks in December or January), as this will provide optimal protection during the highest risk period.
- 8. Pregnant women are an exception to the above advice. Pregnant women are not expected to lose protection as rapidly as the elderly population and therefore starting vaccination earlier (particularly in those women who are in the later stages of pregnancy) than for those in other clinical risk groups, will still offer protection to women themselves in the peak season. Commencing vaccination from early September will also ensure that as many newborn babies as possible are protected during the influenza season and will help to optimise uptake. Trusts will offer influenza, COVID-19 and Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) vaccination in maternity clinics and pregnant women can attend any HSC Trust Clinic to be vaccinated.
- 9. Therefore, from September 2025, as soon as vaccine is available:
 - pregnant women
 - all preschool children aged two to four years on 1 September 2025
 - all school-aged children (up to and including year 12)
 - all children in clinical risk groups aged from 6 months to less than 18 years

From October 2025, exact start date to be confirmed in due course:

- all those aged 65 years and over on 31 March 2026
- all those aged 18 years to under 65 years in clinical risk groups (as defined by the influenza chapter in '<u>Immunisation against infectious disease</u>' (the 'Green Book')
- those in long-stay residential care homes
- carers
- close contacts of immunocompromised individuals
- high risk poultry and avian animal health workers⁴
- all health and social care workers⁵

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⁴ See <u>HSS(MD) 43/2024</u>

⁵ Includes all staff who are employed directly by HSC organisations and those employed as and by independent contractors such as general practitioners (GPs), dentists, pharmacists and ophthalmic practitioners. This includes non-clinical ancillary staff who may have social contact with patients but are not directly involved in patient care.

- 10. Following clinical assessment there may be a small number of other adults for whom it would be better not to delay influenza vaccination until October. For example for those who are due to commence immunosuppressive treatment (such as chemotherapy) before October, receiving an influenza vaccine before starting treatment may enable a better response to their vaccination. In these exceptional circumstances, patients should be offered vaccination, as outlined in Chapter 19 of the Green Book. The patient's specialist within Secondary Care, should identify these individuals and make them aware they are eligible for vaccination and offer vaccination (by referral to the appropriate service as advertised).
- 11. Protection from the vaccine lasts much longer in children, therefore the priority is to start vaccinating all children (including those in clinical risk groups) from early September, or as soon as vaccine becomes available, both to provide early protection to children and to reduce transmission to the wider population. As the public health impact of vaccination is greater in younger children, where possible, school-based immunisation providers are encouraged to schedule vaccination of primary school children early in the season. The majority of eligible children should be vaccinated before peak influenza activity is expected i.e. by the end of November/early December.
- 12. The above advice applies to the GP-based programme for 2–4-year-olds and the schools-based programme for primary and secondary school aged children.
- Where possible, this year's influenza programme should be delivered in conjunction with this autumn's COVID-19 programme, in order to optimise vaccine uptake and to ensure resources are deployed effectively and efficiently for both programmes. Please note, unlike in previous campaigns, eligibility for the COVID-19 2025/26 programme will not align with eligibility for the influenza programme. A separate HSS letter on the COVID-19 2025/2026 programme issued on 26 June 2025 and can be found here: HSS (MD) 23/2025 Autumn 2025 COVID 19 Vaccination Campaign
- 14. Vaccination should be given in sufficient time to ensure individuals are protected before influenza starts circulating. If an eligible patient presents late for vaccination, it is generally appropriate to still offer it. This is particularly important if influenza circulation is late in the season or when patients newly at-risk present during the course of the season, such as pregnant women who may not have been pregnant at the beginning of the vaccination period.
- 15. The decision to vaccinate should take into account the fact that the immune response to vaccination takes about two weeks to fully develop. Clinicians should apply clinical judgement to assess the needs of an individual patient / individual, taking into account the level of influenza-like illness in the community and the fact that the immune response following vaccination takes about two weeks to develop

- fully. The PHA will provide advice on extending the influenza vaccination period if / as necessary.
- 16. Information relating to the various parts of this year's programme are set out in the attached annexes as follows:
 - Annex 1 Vaccines available
 - Annex 2 Funding, ordering, training and consent
 - Annex 3 Clinical risk groups
 - Annex 4 Health and Social Care Workers
 - Annex 5 How to order vaccine
 - Annex 6 Vaccine delivery model

Sessional vaccinators

17. A small pool of Sessional Vaccinators, employed by the Public Health Agency, are available to support GPs and Community Pharmacy with co-administration of the COVID-19 and influenza programmes throughout the Autumn campaign. Further information on this workforce and requests for support can be raised by contacting the PHA at: PHAVaccinesitrep@hscni.net

Influenza vaccines for 2025/2026

- 18. Every year <u>JCVI reviews the latest evidence</u> on flu vaccines and advises the type of vaccine to be offered to different age groups. Their advice for 2025 to 2026 noted that the <u>World Health Organization (WHO)</u> has concluded that B/Yamagata lineages are no longer circulating and are unlikely to cause future epidemics, and that inclusion of a B/Yamagata antigen as a component of flu vaccines is no longer warranted. WHO has stated that every effort should be made to exclude this as soon as possible, across all vaccine types.
- 19. Influenza vaccines which have been procured by the PHA for the forthcoming influenza season are in line with the recommendations of the JCVI and are as follows:

Eligible Group	Vaccine – JCVI recommended
Individuals aged 65 and over (and those who will become 65 before 31 March 2026)	aIIV (adjuvanted inactivated influenza vaccine)
Individuals aged 18-64 years with 'at-risk'	IIVc (cell-culture/based inactivated
conditions including pregnant women	influenza vaccine)
Carers and close contacts aged 18-64	IIVc (cell-culture/based inactivated
years	influenza vaccine)

Health and social care workers	IIVc (cell-culture/based inactivated influenza vaccine)
Children aged two years up to less than 18 years ⁶ , except where medically contraindicated or otherwise unsuitable	LAIV - live attenuated influenza vaccine
Children aged two years and over if contraindicated to LAIV	IIVc (cell-culture/based inactivated influenza vaccine)
Children in clinical risk groups aged 6 months to less than 2 years	IIVc (cell-culture/based inactivated influenza vaccine)

- None of the influenza vaccines contain thiomersal as an added preservative.
- Some influenza vaccines are restricted for use in particular age groups.
 Providers should refer to the advice and information relating to contraindications and precautions sections in Chapter 19 of the <u>Green Book</u> and in the relevant Summary of Product Characteristics for the respective vaccine.

Children's Influenza vaccination programme

- 20. The delivery schedule for the childhood influenza vaccine, LAIV, for 2025/26 has not yet been confirmed, as this is subject to manufacturing and ongoing regulatory processes. As LAIV has a shorter shelf life than other vaccines it will be delivered in several consignments, in order to ensure that there are in-date supplies available throughout the period the vaccine can be offered.
- 21. For 2025/2026, the schools-based vaccination programme will again include all young people in academic years 8 to 12 in secondary school. School health teams should actively promote the offer of influenza vaccination to all children (including those in a clinical risk group) attending primary school, special school and in years 8-12 of secondary school during the current academic year (2025/2026), that is those born between 2 July 2009 and 1 July 2021.
- 22. School health teams should prioritise special schools for early vaccination.
- 23. Children in a clinical risk group who attend a mainstream school should receive their vaccine through the normal school health team arrangements. However, if there is significant parental concern about a child in one of the clinical risk groups and where the date for school vaccination is scheduled later in the season (i.e. late November) or if influenza starts to circulate earlier than in previous seasons, GPs (or their paediatrician if they attend the hospital during the early season) are asked to facilitate earlier vaccination if / as requested. Please see Chapter 19, table 19.1

⁶ Some special educational needs schools cater for individuals up to 25 years of age. Any young person over 17 years of age in a clinical risk group and in a special educational needs school can be vaccinated with their peers, using LAIV.

- of the <u>Green Book</u> for information relating to relative risk for those in clinical risk groups with respect to influenza infection.
- 24. GPs should prioritise and actively identify and inform parents / guardians regarding the offer of influenza vaccine to all pre-school children aged two years or more on the 1 September 2025 (that is children born between 2 July 2021 and 1 September 2023) as early as possible, once they take delivery of LAIV influenza vaccines. We would strongly recommend that increased effort is given to vaccination of pre-school children, with a view to ensuring that falling uptake among this group is addressed and improved in the current year's programme.
- 25. If a child turns 2 years old during the vaccination period (that is from September to December 2025) and their parents request that they be vaccinated, GPs should vaccinate the child once they are 2 years of age, in line with the vaccine licence.

 GPs can claim the normal Item of Service (IoS) fee for vaccination of these patients.
- 26. Should a child miss their offer of a vaccine in school (for whatever reason, including deferment of their Primary 1 place), GPs should offer influenza vaccine to children registered in their practice if / as their parents / guardians request vaccination.
- 27. GPs should actively identify, inform and vaccinate any young people aged 16 and 17 years of age who are in a clinical risk group and who are born before 2 July 2009 for influenza. This includes young people from 16 years of age with morbid obesity. Children and young people with chronic neurological disease should be prioritised for vaccination.
- 28. Children in at-risk groups for whom LAIV is unsuitable, and healthy children whose parents may not wish to receive LAIV on the grounds of its porcine gelatine content, should be offered the injectable cell-culture trivalent influenza vaccine (IIVc) if aged 2 years to less than 18 years. As IIVc will not be available from school nursing teams and therefore GPs should facilitate this if requested.
- 29. Children aged 6 months to less than 2 years should also be offered the cell-culture trivalent influenza vaccine (IIVc) which is now licensed for all children aged six months and above.

Adults' influenza vaccination programme

- 30. Influenza causes significant morbidity and mortality in adults with chronic medical conditions. The benefits of influenza vaccination among all eligible groups should be communicated and vaccination made as accessible as possible.
- 31. GPs should actively identify and inform all patients aged 65 and over (that is anyone who will be 65 years of age or over by 31 March 2026) and any eligible patients under 65 years of the offer of influenza vaccination. Community pharmacies will also provide an additional route to vaccination for this cohort (see

- below). Please note that the COVID-19 vaccine eligibility for autumn 2025 differs from influenza eligibility i.e. only those aged 75 and over, those in care homes for older adults, and those aged under 75 who are immunosuppressed, are eligible for COVID-19 vaccination.
- 32. All primary and secondary care staff involved in patient care should use the opportunity of each healthcare contact to actively encourage and support their patients to be vaccinated.
- 33. Trusts, GPs and Community Pharmacies should offer the influenza vaccine to all pregnant women. GPs should actively identify and inform all pregnant women of the offer of influenza vaccination at any stage during pregnancy. All maternity staff, including midwives and obstetricians, should actively encourage pregnant women at every contact to receive the influenza vaccine.
- 34. GPs should refer housebound patients who require vaccination to the relevant Trust as soon as possible and by 31 September 2025 using the established systems / processes.

Health and Social Care Workers - including Independent Sector

- 35. From the start of the 2025/2026 influenza vaccination programme, <u>all</u> health and social care workers (HSCWs) will be eligible for vaccination against influenza. In the context of the current pressures facing our workforce, it is essential that we focus on ensuring that staff are given the best available protection against this highly transmissible disease.
- 36. Influenza vaccines have been shown to reduce transmission of infection; therefore, we wish to re-emphasise the importance of achieving high vaccination uptake among HSCWs, including those working in the Independent Sector. However, as currently available COVID-19 vaccines provide limited protection against mild and asymptomatic disease, the focus of the COVID-19 vaccination programme is on offering vaccination to those who continue to be at risk of serious disease, including mortality i.e. older adults and those who are immunosuppressed. Therefore HSCWs will not be offered COVID-19 vaccination this autumn, in line with JCVI advice.
- 37. As HSCWs, we all have a shared professional accountability to protect our patients' health and the health of the public. Getting vaccinated is one of the simplest ways of protecting yourself, your family, and the people we support from influenza. It is important that we set an example to the public and our colleagues by taking up the offer of vaccination, while also encouraging other eligible groups to receive their vaccines in order to help protect themselves, their communities and our health service.

38. During the 2025/2026 influenza programme, participating Community Pharmacies will continue to play an important role by making the vaccine more easily available to all HSCWs across NI - ensuring there are multiple locations and opportunities for staff to be vaccinated.

Community Pharmacies

- 39. In addition to providing expanded opportunities for HSCWs to be vaccinated, participating Community Pharmacies will also provide an additional route to vaccination for those aged 65 and over, for carers, for those aware of their 'at risk' status, and for those who are pregnant.
- 40. Community Pharmacies have built strong links with the care home sector through their successful delivery of both COVID-19 and influenza programmes for care home residents / staff. They will again offer influenza vaccination to all RQIA-registered care home residents and staff as part of this year's seasonal influenza programme.
- 41. Community Pharmacy service providers do not have a fixed patient list from which to undertake call and recall activities. However, they should proactively offer influenza vaccination to any patient they identify as being eligible to receive it based on age, or those eligible as pregnant women, 'at risk' status, or carers, should they present in the pharmacy for any reason.

Vaccine uptake ambitions for 2025/2026

- 42. PHA has previously reported vaccination uptake achieved during last year's seasonal influenza programme (2024/2025) using data extracted from the Vaccine Management System (VMS): Seasonal Influenza Vaccination Surveillance in Northern Ireland 2024/25. HSS">HSS (MD) 17/2025 also sets out the vaccination uptake achieved during the 2024/2025 programme.
- 43. Whilst the uptake rate achieved in the cohort aged 65 years and over is welcomed, uptake has declined from that achieved in the previous year (2023/2024). We would urge you to continue your commitment and resolve with the goal of increasing uptake rates across all eligible cohorts in this year's programme. This is particularly important among pre-school and secondary school children, those in at-risk groups, pregnant women, and HSCWs, where uptake was disappointing during the 2024/2025 programme.
- 44. GPs and school-based providers should demonstrate a comprehensive offer this season, by ensuring all eligible patients / individuals (100%) are offered the opportunity to be vaccinated. This comprehensive offer should be supported by an active mechanism to identify and inform patients / individuals, supplemented with opportunistic offers, where pragmatic. The aim of this year's seasonal influenza

programme is to demonstrate a 100% offer and to exceed the uptake levels achieved among each cohort during the 2024/2025 programme.

Conclusion

- 45. We would like to express our sincere appreciation to all who worked hard to plan, deliver and manage our seasonal influenza programme during 2024/2025. HSC experienced significant pressure during the winter of 2024/2025, and it is vital that we do all we can to support the HSC to cope with pressures and unexpected events as we move towards the coming winter months. Morbidity and mortality attributed to influenza continues to be a key factor in HSC winter pressures, and a major cause of harm to individuals.
- 46. Our annual seasonal influenza vaccination programme (alongside our COVID-19 and Respiratory Syncytial Virus vaccination programmes) is a critical element of the system-wide approach to protecting the health of our population and supporting our health and care services over the winter period.
- 47. Receiving the influenza vaccination will help to reduce GP consultations, unplanned hospital admissions and pressures on Emergency Departments. Vaccination will help to directly protect our staff from influenza infection and help reduce staff sickness levels.

Yours sincerely

Professor Sir Michael McBride Ms Maria McIlgorm

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Chief Medical Officer Chief Nursing Officer

Professor Cathy Harrison Chief Pharmaceutical Officer

Circulation List

Director of Public Health/Medical Director, Public Health Agency (for onward distribution to all relevant health protection staff)

Maria M'Ilgum

Assistant Director Public Health (Health Protection), Public Health Agency

Director of Nursing, Public Health Agency

Assistant Director of Pharmacy and Medicines Management, SPPG (for onward distribution to SPPG Pharmacy and Medicines Management Team and community pharmacists)

Directors of Pharmacy HSC Trusts

Director of Social Care and Children, SPPG

Family Practitioner Service Leads, SPPG (for cascade to GP Out of Hours services)
Medical Directors, HSC Trusts (for onward distribution to all Consultants, Occupational
Health Physicians and School Medical Leads)

Nursing Directors, HSC Trusts (for onward distribution to all Community Nurses, and Midwives)

Directors of Children's Services, HSC Trusts

RQIA (for onward transmission to all independent providers including independent hospitals)

Regional Medicines Information Service, Belfast HSC Trust

Regional Pharmaceutical Procurement Service, Northern HSC Trust

Professor Kenda Crozier, Head of School of Nursing and Midwifery QUB

Andrea Shepherd, Head of School of Nursing, Ulster University

Heather Finlay, CEC

Maurice Devine, Open University

Professor Paul McCarron, Head of School of Pharmacy and Pharmaceutical Sciences, Ulster University

Professor Gavin Andrews, Head of School, School of Pharmacy, QUB

Postgraduate Pharmacy Dean, NI Centre for Pharmacy Learning and Development, QUB Michael Donaldson, Head of Dental Services, SPPG (for distribution to all General Dental Practitioners)

Raymond Curran, Head of Ophthalmic Services, SPPG (for distribution to Community Optometrists)

Trade Union Side

Clinical Advisory Team

Louise McMahon, Director of Integrated Care, SPPG

Dr Camille Harron, NIMDTA

Prof Pascal McKeown, QUB

Prof Alan Smyth, QUB

Prof Louise Dubras, Ulster University

Dr Kathy Cullen, Director of the Centre for Medical Education at QUB

This letter is available on the Department of Health website at https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/topics/professional-medical-and-environmental-health-advice/hssmd-letters-and-urgent-communications

INFLUENZA VACCINES AVAILABLE

Table 1: Influenza vaccines available for 2025/26 Programme

Marketing Authorisation Holder	Name ⁷	Vaccine Type	Admin route	Age	Eligible Group	Suitable for egg allergic resulting in anaphylaxis	Suitable for latex allergic
Seqirus UK Ltd, The Point, 29	(allV) Adjuvanted	Inactivated influenza	Intramuscular injection	65 years and over	All 65 years and over (GP	No	Yes ⁹
Market Street,	Trivalent	vaccine		including	& CP		
Maidenhead	Influenza	surface		those	campaign).		
SL6 8AA, UK	<u>Vaccine</u>	antigen,		becoming	HSCWs aged		
	(Surface	adjuvanted		65 years	65 and over		
	Antigen,	with		by 31 st	can get allV		
	<u>Inactivated</u>)	MF59C.1,		March	from either		
	<u>Seqirus</u> .	egg cultured		2026 ⁸	their GP or a		
	suspension				community		
	for injection				pharmacy.		
	in pre-filled				Occupational Health will		
	<u>syringe</u>				offer IIVc.		

⁷ Taken from the EMC (Electronic Medicines Compendium).

⁸ The aIIV is licensed for those aged 50 years and over, however, centrally procured stock is only available for use in those aged 65 years and over. It is recommended that aIIV is offered to those who become 65 years of age before 31 March 2026

⁹ The adjuvanted inactivated influenza vaccine (aIIV) which should be offered to all those aged 65 years and over is NOT suitable for egg allergic people (in these instances the cell-based (IIVc) inactivated influenza vaccine can be given) but IS suitable for latex allergic people.

Marketing Authorisation Holder	Name ⁷	Vaccine Type	Admin route	Age	Eligible Group	Suitable for egg allergic resulting in anaphylaxis	Suitable for latex allergic
Seqirus UK Ltd, The Point, 29 Market Street, Maidenhead SL6 8AA, UK	Cell-based Trivalent Influenza Vaccine (Surface Antigen, Inactivated) Seqirus suspension for injection in pre-filled syringe.	Inactivated influenza vaccine surface antigen, cell cultured	Intramuscular injection	Adults and children from 6 months	6 months to 2- year-olds in at risk groups (GP campaign) Children aged 2 years and over who cannot receive LAIV (GP campaign) Anyone aged 18-64 years in at risk group (GP campaign) All 16 years and over (HSCW campaign)	Yes – egg free	Yes
AstraZeneca UK Limited 1 Francis Crick Avenue,	<u>Fluenz®</u>	LAIV (live attenuated influenza vaccine)	Nasal spray	From 24 months to less than 18 years	All 2-4 year olds (GP campaign) All primary	Yes - if no history of severe anaphylaxis	Yes

Marketing Authorisation Holder	Name ⁷	Vaccine Type	Admin route	Age	Eligible Group	Suitable for egg allergic resulting in anaphylaxis	Suitable for latex allergic
Cambridge,		supplied as		old	school children	that required	
CB2 0AA,		nasal spray			plus Years 8-	intensive care	
UK		suspension,			12 children	(Green Book	
		egg-			(schools	Chapter 19 -	
		cultured.			campaign)	Influenza)	
					11-17 year		
					olds in at risk		
					groups (GP		
					campaign)		

Please refer to the <u>Green Book Chapter 6</u>: Contraindications and special considerations for further information.

FUNDING, ORDERING, TRAINING AND CONSENT

Funding and Contractual Arrangements

- 1. Under the arrangement associated with the GMS contract financial envelope, the SPPG has already been allocated funding for the immunisation with influenza vaccine by GPs of those aged 2 to 4 years old, those aged 65 and over and for those under 65s at risk.
- 2. Funding will also be provided to GPs for:
 - Immunisation of primary school aged children and Years 8-12 post-primary school children i.e. those born between 02/07/2009 to 01/07/2021, who present for vaccination if they were unable to be vaccinated by the school health team
 - Immunisation of carers and close contacts
 - Immunisation of pregnant women
 - Identification and inform fee and active call and recall of eligible patients
- 3. Funding has been provided to PHA for onward transfer to HSC Trusts to:
 - support delivery of the influenza programme by treatment room nurses and district nurses for individuals
 - support the expansion of the schools' influenza programme
 - support the delivery of the HSCW, housebound and pregnancy programme
- 4. Funding will be provided to **SPPG (Pharmacy)** to cover payments to Community Pharmacies for:
 - Immunisation of adults aged 65 years and over
 - Immunisation of those 'at risk' 18-64 years
 - Immunisation of health and social care workers (HSCWs)
 - Immunisation of carers
 - Immunisation of pregnant women
 - Immunisation of RQIA registered care home staff and residents.

Consent and Capacity

5. Health professionals must ensure that consent is obtained from individuals attending for administration of any vaccine although it is not a legal requirement for this to be in writing. Individuals should be given appropriate information and advice about the

- influenza vaccine before attending. Individuals coming for vaccination should be given a reasonable opportunity to discuss any concerns before being vaccinated.
- 6. For further information on consent, please see <u>Chapter 2 of the 2006 edition of Immunisation against infectious disease</u> (the 'Green Book')
- 7. Health professionals should refer to relevant guidelines and legislation when assessing a person's capacity to consent to vaccination: https://www.health-ni.gov.uk/articles/consent-examination-treatment-or-care
- 8. Some individuals, for example those with learning difficulties, may require reasonable adjustments to support administration of vaccination to ensure equal access to the vaccine for people with disabilities.
- 9. For information on ordering vaccines please see **Annex 5**.

Storage and the cold chain

- 10. GP practices, Community Pharmacies and Trusts with responsibility for the delivery of vaccine programmes need to ensure that they have appropriate policies in place to ensure cold chain compliance and that vaccine wastage is minimised. Whilst a degree of wastage is unavoidable either during transportation, storage or at the clinic, with careful planning and care, wastage can be reduced.
- 11. Vaccinators should carefully plan clinics and only order quantities based on the likely number of people expected to attend. GPs and Community Pharmacies should ensure that they have the fridge capacity to store the vaccines required.
- 12. Movianto will typically deliver within two working days, for all customers, if the order is placed before 12pm, however, providers should expect that in the early stages of the programme initial orders may take up to five working days to be delivered.
- 13. Analyses of vaccine use each year shows that in a number of instances vaccine is lost because of cold chain failures. We need to ensure vaccine wastage is minimal. All significant cold chain breach incidents, such as vaccines stored outside of the recommended temperature ranges, should be reported to the local Health and Social Care Trust Pharmacy Medicines Information Team and the PHA Health Protection Duty Room (0300 555 0119) in the first instance. Do not dispose of any vaccine until advice has been sought.
- 14. To prevent a recurrence, it is important that practices, Trusts, and Pharmacies ensure they have in place comprehensive up to date cold chain policies that will minimise the risk. To avoid unnecessary disposal of viable vaccines practices, Trusts and Pharmacies should also be prepared, where possible, to utilise stock which has undergone a temperature excursion while stored on their premises where the

- vaccines have been assessed as safe and effective by the manufacturer under an offlabel re-categorisation.
- 15. The joint SPPG/PHA guidance <u>Vaccine Handling and Storage Guidance for GP</u>

 <u>Practices</u> should be consulted for more information on vaccine storage and how to manage a cold chain failure.
- 16.A specific cold chain guidance document to support Community Pharmacy is available via the BSO website.
- 17. Given the procedures in place and the frequency of deliveries available, the Department expects all Practices, Pharmacies and Trusts to have robust arrangements in place to ensure that wastage is low. Excessive waste of vaccines is totally unacceptable, and Practices will be required to account for such situations which are under the close scrutiny of the Department.

Publicity and Public Information Materials

- 18. The PHA is responsible for delivery of the influenza vaccination programme communication plan which is delivered in line with wider HSC communications for winter. From September 2025, publicity messages will be launched for children, adults, unpaid carers, and health and social care workers to encourage those eligible to take up the offer of the vaccine.
- 19. As before, PHA will also produce public information leaflets which will be distributed by the PHA to all GPs, Community Pharmacies and Trusts before the season starts, in late August/early September, in line with normal arrangements. Leaflets can also be accessed at the PHA website at: pha.site/seasonal-influenza
- 20. As in previous years, funding is provided to GP practices to enable them to actively inform their patients that they are eligible for an influenza vaccination (e.g., by letter, email, phone call, text) to ensure as high an uptake rate as possible. The benefits of influenza vaccination among all eligible groups should be communicated and vaccination made as easily accessible as possible.

Training for Health Professionals

- 21. The PHA will produce the following professional information to support the delivery of the programme, which will be available on the PHA website pha.site/seasonal-influenza:
 - a. Seasonal influenza vaccination programme training slides
 - b. Influenza factsheet
 - c. E-learning for health care
 - d. Influenza weekly surveillance bulletins

22. The Green Book chapter on influenza is available online, see attached link: <u>Green Book</u>. It should be noted that the chapter is updated on an ongoing basis and therefore all medical and clinical staff should ensure they refer to the latest version of the chapter as required.

Vaccine Equity

- 21. The influenza vaccination programme should aim to maximise uptake across all groups, with a particular focus on ensuring vaccination equity.
- 22. Regional vaccine uptake monitoring should include uptake according to socioeconomic status, geographical residence and any other factors that contribute to vaccine inequity.
- 23. Providers delivering the vaccine programme should have access to uptake monitoring, either through arrangements with PHA or through their own monitoring arrangements, so that they can direct programme delivery to ensure maximum uptake.

ELIGIBLE GROUPS 2025/2026

Influenza vaccine should be offered to the eligible groups in the table below:

Eligible groups	Further detail
All children aged two years of age and	All those aged two years and over, not yet
over, not yet at primary school	at primary school on 1 September 2025.
	(i.e. DOB 2 July 2021 to 1 September
	2023) should be invited for vaccination by
	their general practice.
All children attending primary school	All children attending P1 to P7 in primary
	school (DOB. 2 July 2014 to 1 July 2021)
	will be offered the vaccine in school.
	Any who are not vaccinated in school
	should be vaccinated on request by their
	practice.
Year 8 to year 12 in secondary schools	All Year 8 – Year 12 in secondary schools
	(DOB. 2 July 2009 to 1 July 2014) will be
	offered the vaccine in school.
	Any who do not receive it in school should
	be given it <i>on request</i> by their practice.
Health and Social Care Workers	All health and social care staff.
All patients aged 65 years and over	'Sixty-five and over' is defined as those 65
All patients aged 05 years and over	and over on 31 March 2026 (i.e. born on or
	before 31 March 1961).
Residents of long-stay residential care	People living in long-stay residential care
homes or other long-stay facilities	homes or other long-stay care facilities
included of carrot long day lacing	where rapid spread is likely to follow
	introduction of infection and cause high
	morbidity and mortality. This does not
	include, for instance, university halls of
	residence, or boarding schools (except

where children are of primary school age or secondary school years 8 to 12) CLINICAL RISK GROUPS¹⁰ Chronic respiratory disease aged 6 Asthma that requires continuous or months or older repeated use of inhaled or systemic (See contraindications and precautions steroids or with previous exacerbations section on live attenuated influenza requiring hospital admission. vaccine) Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) including chronic bronchitis and emphysema; bronchiectasis, cystic fibrosis, interstitial lung fibrosis, pneumoconiosis and bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD). Children who have previously been admitted to hospital for lower respiratory tract disease. Chronic heart disease and vascular Congenital heart disease, hypertension disease aged 6 months or older with cardiac complications, chronic heart failure, individuals requiring regular medication and/or follow-up for ischaemic heart disease. Chronic kidney disease aged 6 months Chronic kidney disease at stage 3, 4 or 5, or older chronic kidney failure, nephrotic syndrome, kidney transplantation. Chronic liver disease aged 6 months or Cirrhosis, biliary atresia, chronic hepatitis Stroke, transient ischaemic attack (TIA). Chronic neurological disease Conditions in which respiratory function may be compromised due to neurological or neuromuscular disease (e.g. polio syndrome sufferers). Clinicians should offer immunisation, based on individual assessment, to clinically vulnerable individuals including those with cerebral palsy, severe or profound and multiple learning disabilities (PMLD), Down's syndrome, multiple sclerosis, dementia, Parkinson's disease, motor neurone disease and related or similar conditions; or hereditary and degenerative disease of the nervous system or muscles; or severe neurological disability.

¹⁰ See table 19.4 of the <u>Influenza Chapter</u> of the Green Book

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Diabetes and adrenal insufficiency aged	Type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes requiring
6 months or older	insulin or oral hypoglycaemic drugs, diet
	controlled diabetes.
Immunosuppression	Immunosuppression due to disease or
(see contraindications and precautions	treatment, including patients undergoing
section on live attenuated influenza	chemotherapy leading to
vaccine)	immunosuppression, patients undergoing
	radical radiotherapy, solid organ transplant
	recipients, bone marrow or stem cell
	transplant recipients, people living with HIV
	(at all stages), multiple myeloma or genetic
	disorders affecting the immune system (for
	example IRAK-4, NEMO, complement
	disorder, SCID). Individuals who are
	receiving immunosuppressive or
	immunomodulating biological therapy
	including, but not limited to, anti-TNF-
	alemtuzumab, ofatumumab, rituximab,
	patients receiving protein kinase inhibitors
	or PARP inhibitors, and individuals treated
	with steroid sparing agents such as
	cyclophosphamide and mycophenolate
	mofetil. Individuals treated with or likely to
	be treated with systemic steroids for more than a month at a dose equivalent to
	•
	prednisolone at 20mg or more per day
	(any age), or for children under 20kg, a dose of 1mg or more per kg per day.
	Anyone with a history of haematological
	malignancy, including leukaemia,
	lymphoma, and myeloma and those with
	systemic lupus erythematosus and
	rheumatoid arthritis, and psoriasis who
	may require long term immunosuppressive
	treatments.Some immunocompromised
	patients may have a suboptimal
	immunological response to the vaccine.
Asplenia or dysfunction of the spleen	This also includes conditions such as
	homozygous sickle cell disease and
	coeliac syndrome that may lead to splenic
	dysfunction.
Morbid obesity (class III obesity)*	Adults over 16 years of age with a Body
	mass Index ≥ 40kg/m²
	5

Other risk groups				
Pregnant women	Pregnant women at any stage of			
(see contraindications and precautions	pregnancy (first, second or third			
section on live attenuated influenza	trimesters).			
vaccine)				
Household contacts of	Household contacts of			
immunocompromised individuals	immunocompromised individuals,			
	specifically individuals who expect to share			
	living accommodation on most days over			
	the winter and, therefore, for whom			
	continuing close contact is unavoidable			
Carers	Those who are eligible for a carer's			
	allowance, or those who are the sole or			
	primary carer of an elderly or disabled			
	person whose welfare may be at risk if the			
	carer falls ill. Vaccination should be given			
	on an individual basis at the vaccinator's			
	discretion.			

^{*} Many of this patient group will already be eligible due to complications of obesity that place them in another risk category.

The list above is not exhaustive, and the healthcare professional should apply clinical judgement to take into account the risk of influenza exacerbating any underlying disease that a patient may have, as well as the risk of serious illness from influenza itself.

Healthcare practitioners should refer to the influenza chapter in 'Immunisation against infectious disease' (the 'Green Book') for further detail about clinical risk groups advised to receive influenza immunisation and for full details on advice concerning contraindications and precautions for the influenza vaccine.

Vaccination of patients outside the clinical risk groups

The list of clinical at-risk groups, as set out in Annex 3, is not exhaustive. Where a person not in a clinical risk group requests/requires an influenza vaccination, the decision to immunise is based on the GP's clinical judgement. Vaccination should also be offered to individuals where a medical practitioner recommends influenza vaccine based on clinical judgement of the risk of flu exacerbating an underlying disease and the risk of serious illness from influenza itself.

^{*} Please note that this group refers to adults over 16 years of age. Those 16-18 years of age should therefore be offered the LAIV vaccine, unless contraindicated.

In such cases, influenza vaccine should be offered from the centrally procured stock even if the individual is not in one of the clinical risk groups specified in this circular.

For any other patients who wish to avail of the influenza vaccine they should be advised that these are available (privately) at many Community Pharmacies.

HEALTH AND SOCIAL CARE WORKERS

Contractual Arrangements for all employers

- 1. During the 2025/2026 programme, all health and social care workers will be eligible for influenza vaccination. This includes all staff who are employed directly by HSC organisations and those employed as and by independent contractors such as general practitioners (GPs), dentists, pharmacists and ophthalmic practitioners. This includes non-clinical ancillary staff who may have social contact with patients but are not directly involved in patient care.
- 2. It is important that all health and social care workers have timely influenza vaccination to protect themselves and to reduce the risks of transmission of influenza viruses to their patients/clients. High rates of staff vaccination help to protect the individual member of staff and, also the people in their care and help maintain the workforce and services during the winter.
- Influenza immunisation should be offered by HSC organisations to all employees. An active vaccination offer should be made to 100% of staff.
- 4. All employers are responsible for vaccination of their staff and should put appropriate arrangements in place to ensure high uptake.
- 5. Health and social care staff should not routinely be referred to their GP for their vaccination unless they fall within one of the recommended clinical risk groups, or a local agreement is in place for this service.
- 6. In addition to Trust occupational health services, health and social care workers can also access vaccination through community pharmacy services.
- 7. GPs and community pharmacies can vaccinate their own staff using the stock supplied as part of the national flu vaccination programme.

Trust HSCW Campaigns

8. The responsibility for achieving high uptake in HSCWs lies with HSC Trusts. Trusts should ensure that health and social care staff are actively encouraged to be immunised and are fully aware of where and when they can access the vaccine.

- 9. Trusts should ensure that:
 - there is an identified Influenza Lead to coordinate the Trust HSCW campaign;
 - Influenza teams have a broad range of staff from all parts of the Trust, think clinical to communications;
 - Influenza teams have adequate time and resources to fully engage and encourage staff to receive the influenza vaccine;
 - Peer vaccinators are encouraged and trained across directorates in the Trusts, particularly in more remote community locations; and
 - Influenza vaccination staff clinics are widely accessible and clearly advertised
- 10. Trusts have a responsibility to ensure that their influenza teams fully engage with the regional campaign to ensure sharing of good practice.
- 11. As in previous years, regional communication resources will be available, including a regional PHA video, on the PHA website at the following link: pha.site/seasonal-influenza

Training Materials

- 12. The PHA has produced the following professional information to support the delivery of the programme, which will be available, in due course, on the PHA website pha.site/seasonal-influenza:
 - Seasonal influenza vaccination programme training slides;
 - Influenza immunisation programme 2025/26 factsheet for health professionals;
 - E-learning for Healthcare;
 - HSCW seasonal influenza vaccine campaign Trust guidance on data collection
 - Peer Vaccinator Training recommendations; and
 - Influenza weekly surveillance bulletins

Monitoring Vaccine Uptake

- 13. The Vaccine Management System (VMS) **must be used** for recording influenza vaccine across trusts, primary care and community pharmacy.
- 14. It is the responsibility of all providers to ensure that data is entered on VMS in a timely manner. In a complex, multi-provider programme it is clinically important that vaccine status is visible to all providers.

15. The Child Health System should be used for recording influenza vaccinations administered as part of the school's programme (administered by school health teams).

Non-Trust HSCW influenza vaccine programmes

Private Nursing and Residential Care Home Staff

- 16. RQIA should ensure that all employers of Independent Sector Care Home are aware that they have an obligation to ensure their staff working as HSCWs can access the influenza vaccine via Trust clinics or participating Community Pharmacies in order to protect themselves, their families and their patients / clients.
- 17. Staff in independent care homes can receive a free influenza vaccination as part of the Community Pharmacy care home vaccination programme.
- 18. As in previous years, RQIA will raise awareness of the PHA regional communication and training resources that are available for the public and Trust HSCW programmes. Information specific to the care home settings is also available. All PHA influenza resources are available on the PHA website at the following link: pha.site/seasonal-influenza

Community Pharmacists and staff involved in supplying medication

19. Community Pharmacists and those staff involved in supplying medicines will be able to receive the vaccine from participating Community Pharmacies offering influenza vaccination services.

General Practice Staff

20.GP staff, directly employed by or associated with the practice (including GP Federation Pharmacists, MDT staff and locum GPs) will be able to receive the vaccine from their employing/host practice.

HOW TO ORDER VACCINE

- 1. Quotas on orders will be applied across the board this year from the outset of the campaign for allV, IIVc, and LAIV vaccines. Quotas have been based on previous orders and vaccine uptake using VMS data.
- 2. The Movianto web-based ordering system is available to all GP Practices and Community Pharmacies and will facilitate simple and accurate ordering of all centrally procured seasonal influenza vaccines for the forthcoming 2025/2026 immunisation campaign. As well as being the most efficient way to order vaccines, the system will increasingly be used to provide information and reports on vaccine ordering.

Only GP Practice or Community Pharmacy orders received via the web-based Movianto N.I. vaccine ordering system will be processed and delivered.

Please do not attempt to place orders for seasonal influenza vaccines or COVID-19 vaccines in any other way.

Trust Hospital Pharmacies should continue to place orders via their pharmacy computer systems.

- 3. GPs, Community Pharmacies and Hospital Pharmacies must only order sufficient vaccines to meet their needs and only the quantity that they have sufficient refrigerated capacity to store (Note Storage Conditions: 2 to 8°C refrigerated storage / Protect from light / Do not freeze). It is essential that orders are realistic in order to conserve and tailor supplies to the expected need.
- 4. Orders can typically be fulfilled within 2 working days provided the order has been placed before the cut-off time of 12pm, however, providers should expect that in the early stages of the programme initial orders may take up to five working days to be delivered. Please do not book patients and arrange clinics until vaccine stock and delivery is confirmed.

Practices and Pharmacies are reminded that it is important that **orders are** made in line with anticipated need and that wastage is kept to an absolute minimum.

5. Update-to-date communications about influenza vaccine deliveries and stock will be placed on the web-based Movianto system, so please check the website regularly.

How to Order

6. Orders for seasonal influenza vaccines must be placed only with Movianto N. Ireland.

Movianto N. Ireland Sandyknowes Business Park 605 Antrim Road Belfast, BT36 4RY Tel: 028 9079 5799

Opening hours: 8.30am to 5.00pm (Monday to Friday)

7. The Movianto N.I. vaccine ordering system is a secure website. This protects the data held on it from unauthorised access.

All GP practices must confirm or update their details on the current system prior to being permitted to order vaccines for the 2025/2026 campaign. GP practices must complete this before ordering. To do this they should login in the usual manner, on the link below, and follow the online instructions.

Customers may now re-register from the 1 August 2025

GP practices may place their initial orders for injectable seasonal influenza vaccines from W/C 9 September 2025 if they have re-registered.

For details about how to register please go to: https://orders.ni.movianto.com/csp/age/Portal.GUI.Login.cls

Practices requiring vaccine to be delivered to multiple sites must advise Movianto. This is for mass vaccination clinics only and is not an option for business as usual venues.

Further details on ordering arrangements for community pharmacies will be communicated by the Strategic Planning and Performance Group (SPPG).

- 8. The Movianto N.I. web-based system has been designed to be user-friendly and user manuals via the website will be made available to all GP Practices and Community Pharmacies. Help is also available through a dedicated email address info.ni@movianto.com or by calling 028 9079 5799.
- 9. All GP practices and community pharmacies must ensure that all stocks of last year's supplies of influenza vaccine 2024/5 are removed and destroyed

(according to disposal policy) prior to placing your initial order as they are now all date expired and it is essential they are not mixed with this year's vaccine supply.

Initial Orders

10. Practice and Trust initial orders for the first delivery of influenza vaccines 2025/2026 may be placed with Movianto N. Ireland from W/C 9 September 2025 The Strategic Planning and Performance Group (SPPG) will notify community pharmacies contracted to deliver the influenza vaccination programme of ordering arrangements. Trust schools' teams should place orders for the school programmes as normal from W/C 9 September 2025.

Influenza vaccinations may be ordered from W/C 9 September 2025 and initial deliveries should be possible from the following week.

These dates are dependent on vaccine suppliers meeting the dates that they provided in their tender returns and are subject to change. The Strategic Planning and Performance Group will advise community pharmacies of anticipated dates for initial deliveries.

Vaccine Delivery Model

Cohort	Vaccine	Administered by	Supplier of vaccine (post-delivery from Movianto)	
Residential care home staff	IIVc	Community Pharmacy or Trust	Community Pharmacy	
Residential care home residents	allV (if over 65) IIVc (if under 65)	Community Pharmacy	Community Pharmacy	
Nursing home staff	IIVc	Peer vaccinators / Community Pharmacists (CP)	Community Pharmacy	
Nursing home residents	allV (if over 65) IIVc (if under 65)	Community Pharmacy	Community Pharmacy	
6 months-2 years in an at risk group	IIVc	GP	GP	
Children aged 2-4	LAIV	GP	GP	
Primary and secondary school children (up to year 12)	LAIV (or IIVc if contraindicated)	School nursing teams (Trust) GP for IIVc	Trust for LAIV IIVc via pupil's GP	
16-64 in a clinical risk group	IIVc	GP CP (18+ only) Trusts (18+ only)	GP CP (18+ only) Trusts (18+ only)	
Housebound people	allV (if over 65) IIVc (if under 65)	Trusts	Trusts	
Pregnant women	IIVc	GP/Trusts/CP	GP/Trusts/CP	
Carers	IIVc	GP/CP	GP/CP	
Close contacts of immunocompromised individuals	IIVc	GP	GP	
HSCWs (to include residential care home and nursing home staff as above)	IIVc	Trusts/CP GP (practice staff only)	Trusts/CP /GP	
65s and over (and those who will become 65 before 31 March 2026)	allV	GP/CP/Trusts	GP/CP/Trusts	