Part XI (b)

Drugs, Medicines And Other Substances To Be Ordered Only In Certain Circumstances

Drugs in Column 1 of this part may be prescribed for persons mentioned in Column 2, only for the treatment of the conditions specified in Column 3. The Doctor must endorse the prescription with the reference "S. 11".

Details of restricted availability appliances (vacuum pumps and constrictor rings for erectile dysfunction) can be found in Part III of the Drug Tariff beside the listing for the relevant appliance.

Column 1 *Drug*	*Column 2* *Patient*	*Column 3* *Condition*
Clobazam	Any patient	Treatment of epilepsy
Niferex Elixir 30ml Paediatric Dropper Bottle	Infants born prematurely	Prophylaxis and treatment of iron deficiency
Locabiotal Aerosol	Any patient	Treatment of infections and inflammation of the oropharynx.
Nizoral Cream	Any patient	Treatment of seborrhoeic dermatitis and pityriasis versicolor
The following drugs – Sildenafil (Viagra) Tadalafil Vardenafil	(1) The following patients with erectile dysfunction - (a) Any man with erectile dysfunction who on 14th September 1998 was receiving a course of treatment under the Order, the National Health Service Act 1977, or the National Health Service (Scotland) Act 1978 for this condition with any of the following drugs – Alprostadil (Caverject), (Muse), (Viridial) Apomorphine hydrochloride (Uprima) Moxisylyte Hydrochloride (Uprima) Moxisylyte Hydrochloride (Erecnos) Sildenafil (Viagra) Tadalafil (Cialis) Thymoxamine Hydrochloride (Erecnos) Vardenafil (Levitra); or (b) a man who is a national of an EEA State who is entitled to treatment by virtue of Article 7(2) of Council Regulation 1612/68 as extended by the EEA Agreement or by virtue of any other enforceable Community right who has erectile dysfunction and was on 14th September 1998 receiving a course of treatment under a national health insurance system of an EEA State for this condition with any of the drugs listed in sub-paragraph (a); or	Treatment of erectile dysfunction

	(c) a man who is not a national of an EEA State but who is the member of the family of such a national who has an enforceable Community right to be treated no less favourably than the national in the provision of medical treatment and has erectile dysfunction and was being treated for that condition on 14th September 1998 with any of the drugs listed in sub-paragraph (a); or (d) a man who is suffering from any of the following –diabetes, multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease, poliomyelitis, prostate cancer, severe pelvic injury, single gene neurological disease, spina bifida, spinal cord injury; or (e) a man who is receiving treatment for renal failure by dialysis; or (f) a man who has had the following surgery– prostatectomy; radical pelvic surgery; renal failure treated by transplant;	
	(2) Any patient	Treatment of a condition, other than erectile dysfunction, in respect of which the drug ordered is considered an appropriate treatment
Oseltamivir (Tamiflu)	(1) A patient who is aged 1 year or over and who is at clinical risk or a patient who is pregnant or aged 65 years or over, or who is aged under 65 years and is at risk of developing medical complications from influenza where— (a) the Department has notified general medical practitioners that the influenza virus is circulating in the community; (b) the patient has an influenza-like illness; and (c) the patient can start therapy within 48 hours of the onset of symptoms. (2) Any patient suffering from influenza during an outbreak of pandemic influenza (influenza caused by a new virus subtype that has an increased and sustained transmission during a global outbreak of influenza), where the drug is ordered under arrangements for the distribution of the drug free of charge which are approved by the Department or are part the Department of Health's antivirals distribution service.	Treatment of influenza

	(3) A patient who is aged 1 year or over and who is at clinical risk or a patient who is pregnant or aged 65 years or over, where— (a) the Department has notified general medical practitioners that the influenza virus is circulating in the community; (b) the patient has been exposed to an influenza-like illness through being in close contact with someone with whom he lives who is or has been suffering from an influenza-like illness; (c) the patient is not effectively protected by vaccination against influenza because — (i) he has not been vaccinated because vaccination is contraindicated; (ii) he has not been vaccinated since the previous influenza season; (iii) he has been vaccinated but it has yet to take effect; or (iv) he has been vaccinated but the vaccine is not well matched to the strain of influenza circulating in the locality in which the patient resides or is or has been present; (d) the patient lives in a residential care establishment and another resident or member of staff of the establishment has an influenza-like illness; and (e) the patient can start prophylaxis within 48 hours of exposure to an influenza-like illness. (4) Any patient at risk from influenza during an outbreak of pandemic influenza (influenza caused by a new virus subtype that has an increased and sustained transmission during a global outbreak of influenza), where the drug is ordered under arrangements for the distribution of the drug free of charge which are approved by the Department or are part of the Department's antivirals distribution service.	Prophylaxis of influenza
Zanamivir (Relenza)	(1) A patient who is aged 5 years or over and who is at clinical risk or a patient who is pregnant or aged 65 years or over, or who is aged under 65 years and is at risk of developing medical complications from influenza where— (a) the Department has notified general medical practitioners that the influenza virus is circulating in the community;	Treatment of influenza

	(b) the patient has an influenza-like illness; and (c) in the case of a patient— (i) who has attained the age of 5 years but not the age of 13 years, that patient can start therapy within 36 hours of the onset of symptoms; and (ii) who is aged 13 years or over, that patient can start therapy within 48 hours of the onset of symptoms.	
	(2) Any patient at risk of or suffering from influenza during an outbreak of pandemic influenza (influenza caused by a new virus subtype that has an increased and sustained transmission during a global outbreak of influenza), where the drug is ordered under arrangements for the distribution of the drug free of charge which are approved by the Department or are part the Department's antivirals distribution service.	Prophylaxis or treatment of influenza.

In this Schedule—
"at clinical risk" means in relation to a patient, a patient who—
(a) has chronic respiratory disease;
(b) has asthma that requires continuous or repeated use of inhaled or systemic steroids or with previous exacerbations requiring hospital admission;
(c) has chronic heart disease;
(d) has chronic renal failure;
(e) has chronic liver disease;
(f) has chronic neurological disease;
(g) has diabetes; or
(h) is immunosuppressed;
"EEA Agreement" means the Agreement on the European Economic Area signed at Oporto on 2nd May 1992 as adjusted by the Protocol signed at Brussels on 17th March 1993;
"EEA State" means a State which is a contracting party to the EEA Agreement;
"general medical practitioner" has the same meaning as in the Health and Personal Social Services (General Medical Services Contracts) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2004;
"patient" has the same meaning as in the Health and Personal Social Services (General Medical Services Contracts) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2004;
"residential care home" and "nursing home" have the same meaning as in the Health and Personal Social Services (Quality, Improvement and Regulation) (Northern Ireland) Order 2003."